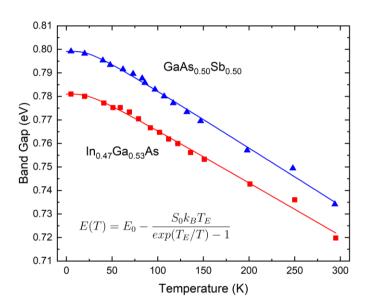
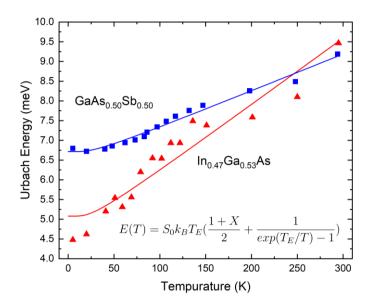


Fig. 1 Photoluminescence spectra for unintentionally doped  $In_{0.47}Ga_{0.53}As$  (a) and  $GaAs_{0.50}Sb_{0.50}$  (b) on InP substrate as a function of temperature from 5 K to room temperature.



**Fig. 2** Temperature-dependent band gap extracted from photoluminescence for both  $In_{0.47}Ga_{0.53}As$  and  $GaAs_{0.50}Sb_{0.50}$  samples lattice matched to InP (triangles and squares). The data was fit to the Einstein single oscillator equation shown for each sample (solid lines).



**Fig. 3** Urbach Energy extracted from the sub band gap slope of the photoluminescence as a function of temperature for both  $In_{0.47}Ga_{0.53}As$  and  $GaAs_{0.50}Sb_{0.50}$  samples lattice matched to InP (triangles and squares). The data was fit to the Einstein single oscillator equation shown for each sample (solid lines).

**Table 1** Einstein single oscillator fit parameters for the band gap as a function of temperature for unintentionally doped In<sub>0.47</sub>Ga<sub>0.53</sub>As and GaAs<sub>0.50</sub>Sb<sub>0.50</sub>.

Sample	$T_E(K)$	$S_0$	$E_0$ (meV)
GaAsSb	70	2.855	779.1
InGaAs	69	2.618	781.0

**Table 2** Einstein single oscillator fit parameters for the Urbach Parameter as a function of temperature for unintentionally doped In<sub>0.47</sub>Ga<sub>0.53</sub>As and GaAs<sub>0.50</sub>Sb<sub>0.50</sub>.

Sample	$T_E(K)$	$S_0$	X
GaAsSb	75	0.109	18.04
InGaAs	69	0.196	7.65