

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Plasma-assisted ALD of IrO₂ for neuroelectronic applications

V. Di Palma¹, A. Pianalto¹, M. Perego², G. Tallarida², M. Fanciulli^{1,2}

1) University of Milano Bicocca, Department of Materials Science, Via R. Cozzi 55, 20125 Milano, Italy

2) CNR-IMM, Unit of Agrate Brianza, Via Olivetti 2, Agrate Brianza (MB) I-20864, Italy

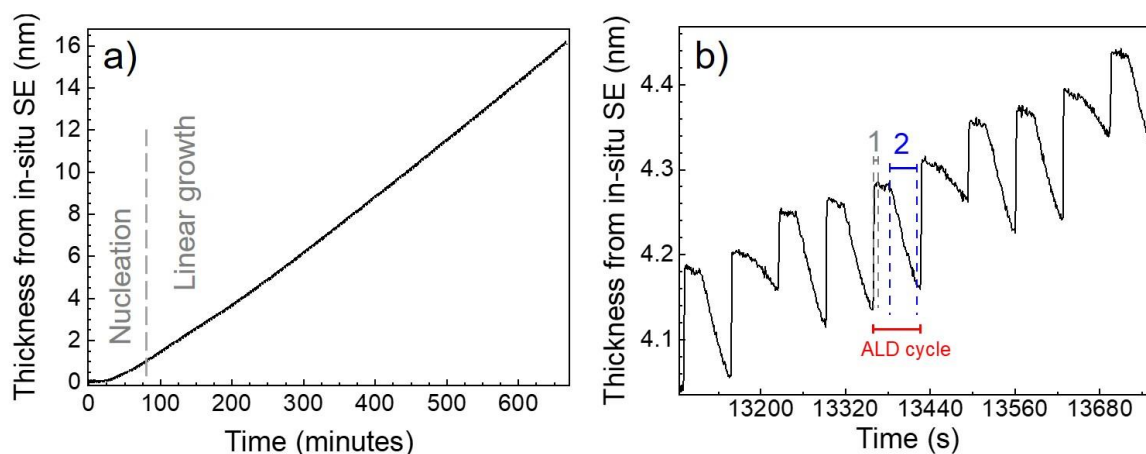


Figure 1: In-situ characterization via spectroscopic ellipsometry for ALD of IrO₂. a) Shows the nucleation of IrO₂ at the initial stages of the process and the subsequent linear growth. b) highlights the thickness change within the ALD cycle, characterized by the increase during the precursor dosing (1) and the decrease during the O₂ plasma dosing (2).

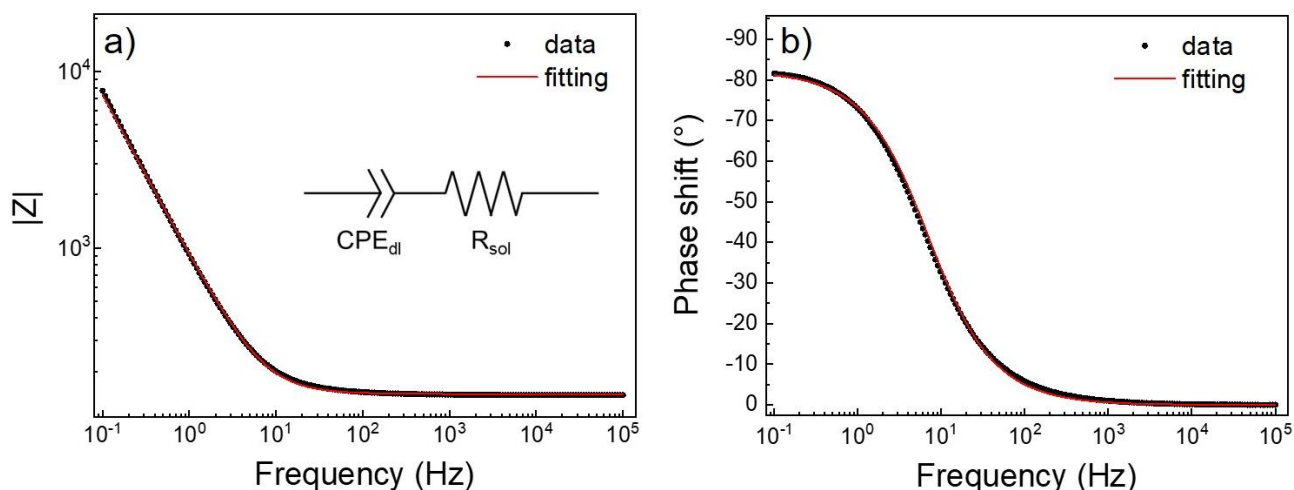


Figure 2: Characterization via electrochemical impedance spectroscopy of the interface IrO₂/PBS. In a) it is reported the magnitude while in b) the phase shift of the impedance measured. The inset in a) shows the equivalent circuit used for the fitting of the data. The results agree with a (pseudo-)capacitive coupling of the IrO₂ electrode with the solution.